

Year 9 Trigonometry Worksheet

1. If $\sin 30^\circ = 1/2$, find the $\sin 210^\circ$.
2. Evaluate $\sin^2(90^\circ - A) + \cos^2(90^\circ - A) + \sec^2(90^\circ - A) - \tan^2(90^\circ - A)$
3. If $2 \sin(A + B) = 3$, and $\sqrt{2} \cos B = 1$, find A and B .

4. Evaluate $\operatorname{cosec}^2 45^\circ \cot^2 30^\circ + \sin^2 60^\circ \sec^2 30^\circ$

5. Evaluate without using trigonometric tables.

$$\tan 7^\circ \cdot \tan 23^\circ \cdot \tan 60^\circ \cdot \tan 67^\circ \cdot \tan 83^\circ + \frac{\cot 54^\circ}{\tan 36^\circ} + \sin 20^\circ \cdot \sec 70^\circ - 2$$

7. If $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{3}$, then find the value of $(2\cot^2 \theta + 2)$.

8. Without using trigonometrical tables, evaluate:

$$\frac{\cos 58^\circ}{\sin 32^\circ} + \frac{\sin 22^\circ}{\cos 68^\circ} - \frac{\cos 38^\circ \operatorname{cosec} 52^\circ}{\tan 18^\circ \cdot \tan 35^\circ \tan 60^\circ \tan 72^\circ \tan 55^\circ}$$

9. If $\cos A = \frac{7}{25}$, find the value of $\tan A + \cot A$.

10. Evaluate $\cos 105^\circ$